

# **President Murmu Appoints Ex-Deputy CM Jishnu Dev Varma as Telangana Governor: A Historic First for Tripura**

President Droupadi Murmu has appointed former Deputy Chief Minister of Tripura, Jishnu Dev Varma, as the Governor of Telangana. This appointment marks a significant milestone for Tripura, as it is the first time a leader from the northeastern state has been appointed as a governor. The decision underscores the growing importance of leaders from the northeastern region in the national political landscape and highlights the central government's commitment to inclusive representation.

## **Jishnu Dev Varma: A Distinguished Career**

Jishnu Dev Varma, a seasoned politician with a rich legacy, has been a key figure in Tripura's political arena. Belonging to the royal family of Tripura, Dev Varma has played a crucial role in the state's administration and development. His tenure as the Deputy Chief Minister of Tripura was marked by significant achievements in infrastructure development, education, and healthcare. Known for his pragmatic approach and dedication to public service, Dev Varma's leadership has been instrumental in bringing about positive changes in Tripura.

## **Historic Appointment**

Dev Varma's appointment as the Governor of Telangana is a historic first for Tripura. It signifies a recognition of his contributions and capabilities, and it is also a testament to the rising prominence of northeastern leaders in the broader

national context. This move is expected to foster a stronger relationship between the northeastern states and other parts of the country, promoting greater unity and understanding.

## **Expectations and Challenges**

As the new Governor of Telangana, Dev Varma faces a set of unique challenges and opportunities. Telangana, a relatively new state formed in 2014, has been on a rapid path of development. The state has made significant strides in various sectors, including IT, agriculture, and infrastructure. However, it also faces issues such as regional disparities, water resource management, and rural development.

Dev Varma's administrative experience and strategic vision are expected to play a pivotal role in addressing these challenges. His background in dealing with developmental issues in Tripura equips him with the insights needed to foster inclusive growth in Telangana. Moreover, his ability to build consensus and work collaboratively with different stakeholders will be crucial in navigating the state's complex socio-political landscape.

## **Strengthening National Unity**

The appointment of Jishnu Dev Varma as Governor of Telangana is also a strategic move to strengthen national unity and integration. By bringing in a leader from the northeast to govern a southern state, the central government is emphasizing the importance of cross-regional representation and cooperation. This approach is likely to enhance the sense of inclusiveness and unity among the diverse regions of India.

## **Reactions and Implications**

The announcement of Dev Varma's appointment has been met with widespread acclaim. Leaders from various political parties and regions have welcomed the decision, praising his leadership

qualities and track record. In Tripura, the news has been received with pride and optimism, as it reflects the state's growing significance in the national political arena.

In Telangana, there is anticipation and hope that Dev Varma's leadership will bring about positive changes and further accelerate the state's development. His experience in managing developmental projects and his commitment to public welfare are expected to contribute significantly to the state's progress.

President Droupadi Murmu's appointment of Jishnu Dev Varma as the Governor of Telangana marks a historic and significant development for Tripura and the nation. It is a recognition of Dev Varma's exemplary service and a strategic move to promote national unity and inclusive representation. As he steps into his new role, there are high expectations for his leadership to address the challenges and opportunities in Telangana, fostering growth and development. This appointment not only honors Dev Varma's contributions but also sets a precedent for greater cross-regional collaboration and unity in India.

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## **President Murmu Appoints Six New Governors and Orders Strategic Reshuffles in Punjab, Assam, and Sikkim**

President Droupadi Murmu has appointed six new governors and ordered reshuffles in three states, including Punjab and Assam. This move is part of the ongoing efforts to bolster governance and ensure effective administrative oversight

across India's diverse states. The appointments and reshuffles reflect a strategic approach to address regional challenges and leverage experienced leadership.

## **New Appointments**

**1. Ramesh Bais – Maharashtra:** Ramesh Bais, previously the Governor of Jharkhand, has been appointed as the Governor of Maharashtra. Bais, a seasoned politician with extensive experience in legislative affairs, is expected to bring a wealth of knowledge and a steady hand to the state's administration. His tenure in Jharkhand was marked by efforts to enhance state-federal cooperation and address developmental challenges.

**2. Anusuiya Uikey – Chhattisgarh:** Anusuiya Uikey, who served as the Governor of Manipur, will now take on the role of Governor of Chhattisgarh. Known for her advocacy for tribal rights and welfare, Uikey's appointment is seen as a strategic move to address the state's socio-economic issues, particularly those affecting its tribal population.

**3. La. Ganesan – Nagaland:** La. Ganesan, previously the Governor of West Bengal, has been appointed as the Governor of Nagaland. Ganesan's experience in navigating complex political landscapes and his diplomatic skills will be crucial in dealing with the state's unique socio-political challenges, including the ongoing peace process with various insurgent groups.

**4. Rajendra Arlekar – West Bengal:** Rajendra Arlekar, who served as the Governor of Himachal Pradesh, will now govern West Bengal. Arlekar's tenure in Himachal Pradesh was marked by efforts to improve governance and infrastructure development. His appointment in West Bengal is expected to focus on enhancing administrative efficiency and addressing the state's developmental needs.

**5. Bandaru Dattatreya – Jharkhand:** Bandaru Dattatreya, previously the Governor of Himachal Pradesh, has been appointed as the Governor of Jharkhand. Dattatreya's experience in labor and employment issues, coupled with his administrative acumen, is anticipated to benefit Jharkhand, a state with significant industrial and labor concerns.

**6. Haribabu Naik – Mizoram:** Haribabu Naik, a seasoned politician and former Member of Parliament, has been appointed as the Governor of Mizoram. Naik's deep understanding of Northeast India and his experience in public service are expected to aid in addressing the region's unique challenges, including infrastructure development and ethnic harmony.

## Reshuffles

**Punjab:** Banwarilal Purohit, the current Governor of Punjab, will continue to serve in his role, providing continuity in governance. Purohit's experience and leadership have been instrumental in addressing the state's complex political and economic landscape. His continued presence is expected to ensure stability and progressive development in Punjab.

**Assam:** Prof. Jagdish Mukhi, the Governor of Assam, has been retained in his position. Mukhi's tenure has been marked by significant strides in improving the state's socio-economic indicators and managing complex issues related to immigration and ethnic diversity. His continued leadership is seen as crucial for maintaining the state's progress and addressing ongoing challenges.

**Sikkim:** Ganga Prasad, the Governor of Sikkim, will continue in his role. Prasad's efforts in promoting tourism and sustainable development in Sikkim have been noteworthy. His reappointment is likely to further the state's goals in eco-tourism and balanced growth.

## **Strategic Implications**

The appointments and reshuffles signify a strategic alignment aimed at enhancing governance across states with diverse and unique challenges. By appointing experienced and capable leaders, President Murmu aims to address regional disparities, promote development, and ensure effective administration. The focus on continuity in states like Punjab, Assam, and Sikkim underscores the importance of stable leadership in achieving long-term developmental goals.

Moreover, the new appointments reflect a careful consideration of the appointees' backgrounds and expertise, aligning them with the specific needs of the states they will govern. This strategic deployment of leadership is expected to foster greater federal-state cooperation, improve governance, and address the socio-economic challenges faced by these states.

President Murmu's decision to appoint six new governors and reshuffle leadership in three states marks a pivotal moment in India's administrative landscape. These changes are poised to bring in experienced and capable leaders who can address the unique challenges of their respective states. With a focus on strategic governance and developmental progress, these appointments are expected to enhance the overall administrative efficacy and contribute to the nation's growth and stability.

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## **India-Bangladesh Border Trade Centre Reopens in Assam After**

# Four-Year Hiatus, Boosting Bilateral Ties and Economic Growth

In a significant move aimed at bolstering economic ties and regional development, the India-Bangladesh border trade centre in Assam has reopened after a hiatus of four years. The reopening of this crucial trade hub marks a new chapter in the bilateral relations between India and Bangladesh, promising enhanced economic activity, increased cross-border trade, and strengthened ties between the two neighboring countries.

## Historical Context and Importance

The India-Bangladesh border trade centre, located at Sutarkandi in the Karimganj district of Assam, has historically been a vital conduit for trade between the two nations. Established to facilitate the smooth exchange of goods and services, the trade centre has played a pivotal role in promoting economic cooperation and cultural exchange. However, due to various geopolitical and administrative challenges, the centre had been non-operational for the past four years, causing a significant setback to the regional economy.

## The Reopening Ceremony

The reopening ceremony of the border trade centre was a momentous occasion, attended by dignitaries from both India and Bangladesh. Assam Chief Minister Himanta Biswa Sarma, along with high-ranking officials from the Indian government and representatives from Bangladesh, inaugurated the event. In his address, Chief Minister Sarma highlighted the strategic importance of the trade centre and its potential to transform the economic landscape of the region.

“Today marks a historic day for Assam and our neighboring country, Bangladesh. The reopening of the Sutarkandi trade centre signifies our commitment to strengthening bilateral trade and fostering economic growth. This centre will serve as a gateway for numerous business opportunities, benefiting both our nations,” said Sarma.

## **Economic Impact and Opportunities**

The reopening of the border trade centre is expected to have a profound impact on the local economy. It is anticipated to revive trade activities that were halted, leading to increased export and import of goods between India and Bangladesh. The trade centre will facilitate the movement of various commodities, including agricultural products, textiles, and industrial goods, thus providing a significant boost to the economy of Assam and the adjoining regions.

Local businesses and traders, who had faced economic hardships due to the closure, are optimistic about the new opportunities the trade centre will bring. The revival of cross-border trade is expected to create employment opportunities, enhance income levels, and stimulate the growth of ancillary industries. Moreover, it will promote cultural exchanges and foster people-to-people connections, further strengthening the ties between the two nations.

## **Strategic Significance**

The reopening of the trade centre is not only an economic milestone but also a strategic one. It aligns with India’s ‘Act East Policy,’ which aims to enhance connectivity and economic integration with Southeast Asian countries. By reopening the trade hub, India is reaffirming its commitment to regional cooperation and economic diplomacy.

Bangladesh, on its part, views the reopening as a testament to the strong bilateral relations and mutual trust shared with



India. The trade centre will provide Bangladesh with greater access to the Indian market, facilitating the export of Bangladeshi goods and contributing to its economic growth.

## **Infrastructure and Future Prospects**

To ensure the smooth functioning of the trade centre, both India and Bangladesh have invested in upgrading the necessary infrastructure. Improved road connectivity, customs facilities, and streamlined processes have been put in place to facilitate hassle-free trade operations. The trade centre is equipped with modern amenities to handle the anticipated increase in trade volume efficiently.

Looking ahead, both nations are exploring the possibility of expanding the scope of the trade centre to include services and digital trade. The potential for e-commerce, tourism, and joint ventures in various sectors is being actively considered, which could further deepen economic ties and create new avenues for collaboration.

The reopening of the India-Bangladesh border trade centre in Assam after four years is a landmark event that promises to rejuvenate economic activities and strengthen bilateral relations. As trade resumes and new opportunities emerge, the trade centre is poised to become a vital economic artery, fostering prosperity and cooperation between India and Bangladesh. With renewed vigor and a shared vision for growth, the reopening of this trade hub heralds a brighter future for the region and its people.

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# **Assam CM Thanks PM Modi as 600-Year-Old 'Moidams' Achieve UNESCO World Heritage Status**

In a historic moment for Assam and the entire nation, the 600-year-old 'Moidams' of the Ahom Kingdom have been included in the UNESCO World Heritage List. This remarkable recognition marks a significant milestone in preserving and celebrating India's rich cultural heritage. Assam's Chief Minister, Himanta Biswa Sarma, expressed profound gratitude to Prime Minister Narendra Modi for his unwavering support in achieving this prestigious status.

## **The Significance of the 'Moidams'**

The 'Moidams' are royal burial mounds of the Ahom dynasty, located in the Charaideo district of Assam. These ancient structures, akin to the pyramids of Egypt, are a testament to the architectural ingenuity and cultural sophistication of the Ahom civilization, which ruled Assam for nearly 600 years. Each Moidam is a burial site for Ahom royalty and nobility, reflecting the unique mortuary practices and traditions of the time.

The Ahoms, who migrated from present-day Myanmar in the early 13th century, established a powerful kingdom that left an indelible mark on Assam's history, culture, and identity. The inclusion of the Moidams in the UNESCO World Heritage List not only recognizes their historical and cultural significance but also ensures their preservation for future generations.

## **Assam CM's Gratitude**

In a heartfelt message, Chief Minister Himanta Biswa Sarma extended his deepest appreciation to Prime Minister Narendra Modi for his pivotal role in securing this honor. "This is a moment of immense pride for Assam and the nation. The inclusion of the Moidams in the UNESCO World Heritage List is a testament to our rich heritage and the Ahom dynasty's glorious past. I thank Prime Minister Narendra Modi for his constant support and guidance in making this possible," said Sarma.

The Chief Minister also highlighted the relentless efforts of the state government and various stakeholders in preparing the comprehensive dossier required for the UNESCO nomination. He emphasized that this recognition would boost Assam's cultural tourism, attracting scholars, historians, and tourists from around the world.

## **The Role of the Central Government**

The central government's support was instrumental in the Moidams' inclusion in the UNESCO World Heritage List. Prime Minister Modi's vision of preserving India's cultural heritage has been evident through various initiatives and policies aimed at safeguarding and promoting the country's historical sites. The Archaeological Survey of India (ASI) and other relevant bodies worked in tandem with the Assam government to ensure that the Moidams met the stringent criteria set by UNESCO.

## **Cultural and Tourism Impact**

The UNESCO World Heritage status is expected to have a profound impact on Assam's cultural and tourism landscape. The recognition will bring global attention to the Moidams, leading to increased tourist footfall and international collaborations for conservation and research. This, in turn,

will generate economic opportunities for local communities, fostering sustainable development in the region.

The state government has already announced plans to enhance the infrastructure around the Moidams, ensuring a seamless and enriching experience for visitors. Improved accessibility, visitor amenities, and informative displays will be prioritized to showcase the historical and cultural significance of the Moidams effectively.

## **Preservation Efforts**

The inclusion of the Moidams in the UNESCO World Heritage List also underscores the importance of preserving these ancient structures. The Ahom burial mounds, made of earth and bricks, are susceptible to environmental and human-induced damage. The UNESCO status will facilitate access to international expertise and funding for conservation projects, ensuring that these cultural treasures are preserved for posterity.

The inclusion of the 600-year-old Moidams in the UNESCO World Heritage List is a momentous achievement for Assam and India. It celebrates the rich cultural legacy of the Ahom dynasty and acknowledges the significance of preserving historical sites. Chief Minister Himanta Biswa Sarma's gratitude to Prime Minister Narendra Modi reflects the collaborative efforts that led to this recognition. As the world turns its attention to the Moidams, Assam stands poised to share its glorious heritage with a global audience, fostering cultural pride and economic growth.

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# **Charaideo Moidams: Assam's Historic Gems Now a UNESCO World Heritage Site**

Nestled in the northeastern state of Assam, India, the Charaideo Moidams have recently earned a distinguished place on the UNESCO World Heritage list. This recognition is not only a testament to the site's historical and cultural significance but also an invitation to the world to explore the rich heritage of Assam. The Charaideo Moidams, often referred to as the pyramids of Assam, offer a fascinating glimpse into the region's illustrious past.

## **Historical Significance**

The Charaideo Moidams are a collection of burial mounds or tumuli, which serve as the final resting place for the Ahom dynasty's royalty and nobility. The Ahom dynasty, which ruled Assam for nearly six centuries from 1228 to 1826, is one of the longest-reigning dynasties in Indian history. The dynasty was founded by Sukaphaa, a Tai prince from present-day Yunnan in China, who established his kingdom in the Brahmaputra valley. Under Ahom rule, Assam saw significant developments in administration, culture, and architecture.

Charaideo, which means the "Shining City on the Hills," was the first capital of the Ahom kingdom. It remained a symbolic center of Ahom power, even as the capital moved to other locations. The Moidams at Charaideo are unique in their construction and design, reflecting a blend of Tai-Ahom and indigenous architectural styles. These structures were built to honor the deceased royals, ensuring their journey to the afterlife, in accordance with the Ahom belief system.

## **Architectural Marvels**

The Moidams are constructed using earth and stones, resembling the shape of hemispherical mounds. The size and grandeur of each Moidam vary, reflecting the rank and status of the person buried within. The larger Moidams are often surrounded by smaller subsidiary mounds, which are the burial sites of family members and close associates.

One of the most striking features of the Moidams is the intricate brickwork and the use of lime mortar, showcasing the advanced engineering skills of the Ahom builders. Some of the Moidams also have underground chambers, which were used to store the valuable belongings of the deceased, believed to be needed in the afterlife.

The Moidams are not just burial sites but also serve as repositories of historical artifacts. Excavations have unearthed a wealth of objects, including pottery, weapons, and ornaments, providing valuable insights into the material culture of the Ahom period.

## **Cultural Importance**

The Charaideo Moidams hold immense cultural significance for the people of Assam. They are a testament to the region's rich historical legacy and its connections to the broader Southeast Asian cultural sphere. The Ahom dynasty played a crucial role in shaping the cultural and social landscape of Assam, and the Moidams are a reminder of this enduring heritage.

The recognition of the Charaideo Moidams as a UNESCO World Heritage site is a moment of pride for Assam and India. It brings global attention to a site that has long been revered locally but was relatively unknown outside the region. This recognition is expected to boost tourism, encouraging more people to explore the cultural treasures of Assam.

## Conservation and Challenges

While the UNESCO designation brings with it the promise of increased attention and resources for conservation, it also poses challenges. The Charaideo Moidams, like many historical sites, face threats from environmental degradation, vandalism, and encroachment. Ensuring the site's preservation requires a concerted effort from both the government and the local community.

The Assam government, along with various heritage conservation bodies, has been working to protect and restore the Moidams. Efforts include regular maintenance, scientific studies, and public awareness campaigns to highlight the site's significance. The involvement of local communities is crucial, as they are the custodians of this heritage and play a vital role in its preservation.

The inclusion of Assam's Charaideo Moidams in the UNESCO World Heritage list is a significant milestone in the recognition of India's diverse cultural heritage. It underscores the importance of the Ahom dynasty's contributions to Indian history and offers an opportunity to celebrate and preserve this legacy. As the world turns its gaze towards Charaideo, it is a reminder of the rich tapestry of history and culture that India has to offer. The Moidams stand not just as monuments of the past but as beacons guiding the future of heritage conservation.